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BOOK DEPARTMENT

NOTES

AMERICAN SOCIOLOGICAL SOCIETY. *Papers and Proceedings of the Eighth Annual Meeting held at Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 27, 29, 30, 1913.* Topic: "Problems of Social Assimilation." Pp. vi, 193. Price, \$1.50. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1914.

BIZZELL, WILLIAM BENNETT. *Judicial Interpretation of Political Theory.* Pp. v, 273. Price, \$1.50. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1914.

BROWN, ROME G. *The Minimum Wage.* Pp. 98, xv. Price, \$1.00. Minneapolis: Review Publishing Company, 1914.

The author, after setting forth in general terms the economic problems which have led to the demand for a minimum wage, devotes the main portion of his brief study to the operation of the legislative minimum wage as passed by the Minnesota legislature. An examination of the various legal questions involved leads to the conclusion that the minimum wage law of Minnesota is unconstitutional. While denying any idea of controverting the ethical basis of the minimum wage, the author insists that in this particular instance the application of the principle is faulty.

BROWN, WILLIAM GARROTT. *The New Politics.* Pp. 234. Price, \$1.75. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin Company, 1914.

William Garrott Brown was a master of apt and forceful expression. Of the several articles from his pen, published under the general title of *The New Politics*, the most noteworthy are the two to which this title specifically belongs. The new politics of which he wrote is not the new science of government, but the new issues which have arisen in America and the marshalling of parties and men to meet them. The issues are economic and social, and arise from the substitution of combination for competition. In writing of these his hand was sure, though over-pessimistic, it may be. But when in treating of our great political parties he attempted to show that one of them from the time of its formation has been upon the whole the party of progress and liberty, the present critic, at least, is not at all convinced. Is it not true instead that the fundamental division has always been on the question of centralization, and that both parties have divided again into conservatives and radicals? Mr. Brown looked upon the new spirit of combination in the business world as a baneful thing; many, however, more truly progressive, regard it as a natural and healthful development, but one that must be made to serve the whole of society.

COIT, STANTON. *The Soul of America.* Pp. xi, 405. Price, \$2.00. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1914.

COLE, ARTHUR CHARLES. *The Whig Party in the South.* Pp. xii, 392. Price, \$1.50. (\$1.00 to members.) Washington: American Historical Association, 1914.

CRAPSEY, ALGERNON SIDNEY. *The Rise of the Working-Class.* Pp. xi, 382. Price, \$1.30. New York: The Century Company, 1914.

Under an inclusive title, the author has grouped a number of rather divergent topics. Of the thirteen chapters, only seven are directly related to the book title. The other chapters, dealing with the recent economic changes in the home, and with some of the economic phases of the feminist movement, refer primarily to the middle and upper-income classes. Although the author is guilty of several logical lapses, as, for example, in chapters seven and eleven, the book is, on the whole, interesting, stimulating, and for the average reader well worth a careful perusal.

CROW, CARL. *America and the Philippines.* Pp. xi, 287. Price, \$2.00. New York: Doubleday, Page & Company, 1914.

DOWRIE, GEORGE W. *The Development of Banking in Illinois, 1817-1863.* Pp. 181. Price, 90 cents. Urbana: University of Illinois, 1914.

Four distinct cycles are found in the development of Illinois banking and are discussed by the author in successive chapters. They were the experiences of the territorial banks from 1814 to 1819; banking a state monopoly from 1821 to 1825; banking and internal improvements which reached a climax in 1837; and the free bank system extending from 1837 to the time of the passage of the national bank act. Each of these cycles is analyzed, and their similarity of sequence indicated. A large collection of source material has been well handled.

EMIN, AHMED. *The Development of Modern Turkey as Measured by Its Press.* Pp. 142. Price, \$1.00. New York: Longmans, Green & Company, 1914.

FAYLE, C. ERNEST. *The New Patriotism: a Study in Social Obligations.* Pp. ix, 80. Price, \$1.00. London: Harrison & Sons, 1914.

Timeliness is not the only quality of this monograph. The historical rise and development of military patriotism is traced and is defended as a product, if not a necessity, of the age. It is shown, however, that, in spite of relapses, civilization tends to replace militarism by industrialism; that "the passion which aims to serve one's country" probably has not diminished but its basis has shifted. An attempt is made to refute the arguments of those who regard patriotism as a menace to highly developed civilization. The same enthusiasm for one's country is expended legitimately not "in hard fighting but in hard thinking." The reasoning of the author shows the present European conflict to be the result of the survival of an antequated economic and political philosophy in a new age.

GILLETTE, JOHN M. *The Family and Society.* Pp. 164. Price, 50 cents.
Chicago: A. C. McClurg & Company, 1914.

Dr. Gillette has collected and arranged in a usable manner a great deal of information on the subject of the family. He deals in the five chapters with the function of the family, the origin of marriage, the evolution of the family, current conditions affecting the family, and biological phases of sex and the family. It is a compilation and presents nothing new. His use of the word sociological for social is confusing.

GODDARD, HENRY H. *Feeble-mindedness: Its Causes and Consequences.* Pp. xii, 599. Price, \$4.00. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1914.

HAUSER, RICHARD. *Die Amerikanske Bankreform.* Pp. 99. Price, 3 M.
Jena: Gustav Fischer, 1914.

Doctor Hauser carefully outlines the federal reserve act and then estimates its probable effect upon German business. He considers that the provisions permitting acceptances and foreign branches may have an influence especially in South American and Asiatic markets.

HETHERINGTON, CLARK W. *The Demonstration Play School of 1913.* Pp. 45.
Price, 45 cents. Berkeley: University of California, 1914.

HILLQUIT, MORRIS and RYAN, JOHN A. *Socialism: Promise or Menace?*
Pp. xiii, 270. Price, \$1.25. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1914.

Through the energy of *Everybody's Magazine* we have the arguments for and against socialism presented together. The two sides are well represented by a leading socialist and by an eminent social reformer. The popular analysis is interesting. In spite of opposite opinions on many points, there is substantial agreement that legislation and awakened public opinion will do much to improve present-day social conditions. Little is, however, gained by either side by presentation in this form. Argument, no matter how well presented, plays but a small part in the individual acceptance of a social philosophy. This discussion does not add to the scientific literature of this interesting subject.

HOBSON, J. A. *Work and Wealth.* Pp. xvi, 367. Price, \$2.00. New York:
The Macmillan Company, 1914.

ILBERT, SIR COURTENEY. *The Government of India.* (2nd Edition, 1907,
with Supplements 1910 and 1913.) Pp. xxxii, 546. New York: Oxford
University Press, 1913.

Ilbert's *Government of India* continues to be the standard descriptive exposition of the statute law relating to the empire. Its accuracy and completeness assure it a place among the reference works of all students of the question of dependent governments.

The second edition of 1907 is now offered with the supplements of 1910 and 1913. The new chapters cover: (1) The Indian councils act of 1909 which

made important changes in the constitution and functions of the Indian legislative councils and gave power to make changes in the executive governments of the Indian provinces; (2) The Durbar of 1911 and its consequences. Appendices present the grants made at the Durbar and the revised regulations for the constitution of the legislative councils.

KELLEY, FLORENCE. *Modern Industry in Relation to the Family, Health, Education, Morality.* Pp. 147. Price, \$1.00. New York: Longmans, Green and Company, 1914.

Mrs. Kelley's latest book covers four general topics: the family, health, education and morality, as they are influenced by modern industry. The volume contains the substance of four lectures delivered during 1913 at Teachers' College, New York. Like all of Mrs. Kelley's work, the chapters are so popularized that they make excellent reading for the average citizen who is interested in securing some general information on the topics under consideration. At the same time, the work is very fragmentary. The author confesses as much when she writes on page 30: "Having thus briefly and fragmentarily indicated the disintegrating effect of modern industry upon the family" The chapters leave a feeling of incompleteness and uncertainty in the mind of the reader, which is unjustifiable, particularly in a book sufficiently small in volume to be made specific and succinct.

LINDSEY, SAMUEL McCUNE. *Legislation for the Protection of Animals and Children.* Pp. 96. Price, \$1.00. New York: Columbia University, 1914.

LORIA, ACHILLE. *The Economic Synthesis.* (Trans. by M. Eden Paul). Pp. xii, 368. Price, \$3.00. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1914.

MC LAUGHLIN, ANDREW C. and HART, ALBERT BUSHNELL. *Cyclopedia of American Government.* 3 vols. (1st vol.). Pp. xxxiii, 732. Price, \$22.50 set. New York: D. Appleton & Company, 1914.

MALLET, BERNARD. *British Budgets, 1887-88 to 1912-13.* Pp. xxiv, 511. Price, \$3.25. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1914.

MITCHELL, WESLEY CLAIR. *Business Cycles.* Pp. xviii, 610. Price, \$5.00. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1913.

MORRISS, MARGARET SHOVE. *Colonial Trade of Maryland 1689-1715.* Pp. viii, 155. Price, \$1.00. Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1914.

MÜNSTERBERG, HUGO. *The War and America.* Pp. 209. Price, \$1.00. New York: D. Appleton & Company, 1914.
A timely discussion from a German viewpoint.

RUSSELL, CHARLES E. *These Shifting Scenes.* Pp. 311. Price, \$1.50. New York: G. H. Doran Company, 1914.

This book is a collection of essays written at various times and now gathered together. As a reporter on various New York daily papers, Mr.

Russell was in touch with many interesting men and events. The sketches of reporting life are overshadowed by the interesting analyses and reports of the Republican conventions of 1888 and 1892 at which Harrison was nominated. But by far the best study is of the Haymarket riots. These essays not only deal with their subjects thoroughly, but do so in the happy, easy style for which Mr. Russell is known.

SMITH, HARRY EDWIN. *The United States Federal Internal Tax History from 1861 to 1871.* Pp. xix, 357. Price, \$1.50. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1914.

WEI, WEN PIN. *The Currency Problem in China.* Pp. 156. Price, \$1.25. New York: Longmans, Green & Company, 1914.

In the preparation of this monograph Dr. Wei has briefly surveyed the history of money in China and then analyzed more in detail the problem of currency reform. The title suggests either a historical study or an analysis of current conditions or both. In his treatment he has relegated his study of conditions since the Revolution to a few pages in an appendix. His description of the confused condition of Chinese currency and his history of the various attempts at reform from 1895 to 1911 are good, the chief defect being a lack of sufficient emphasis on the pros and cons of the proposal for a gold-exchange standard. A more complete study of the situation today also would have been of interest.

WHITIN, E. STAGG. *The Caged Man.* Pp. 117. Price, \$1.50. New York: Columbia University, 1913.

A summary of existing legislation in the United States on the treatment of prisoners.

Who's Who in America, 1914-15. Vol. VIII. Pp. xxx, 2888. Price, \$5.00. Chicago: A. N. Marquis & Company, 1914.

The latest edition, revised and enlarged, of an indispensable work.

REVIEWS

BURR, ANNA ROBESON. *Religious Confessions and Confessants.* Pp. viii, 562. Price, \$2.50. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1914.

This book is a study of inward life as revealed in the autobiographical confessions of men and women, both learned and humble, who have given a personal unveiling of themselves; and it is, further, a serious attempt to pronounce upon the value of "first-hand religion" in the light of the biographical data which the author has collected.

Her range of reading and the mass of material which she has sifted are very extensive, no less than four hundred and fifty-two primary sources having been used. The book shows at every point a clever mind, a remarkable memory, a scientific temper and a prodigious amount of careful labor. It is, the